PHOTOS

ESTABLISH that the witness has personal knowledge of what will be depicted in the photo.

REFER opposing counsel to the photo.

ASK permission to approach the witness.

VERIFY that the witness can identify what is depicted in the photograph.

ESTABLISH what is being depicted.

ESTABLISH accuracy and fairness of depiction.

ESTABLISH that photo is true.

MOVE the photo into evidence.

Attorney: Officer Jones, did you respond to the

scene of the crime that evening?

Witness: I did.

Attorney: Did you see the victim's body at that

scene?

Witness: I did.

Attorney: Counsel, I refer you to what has

previously been marked as Exhibit 1.

Attorney: Your Honor may I approach the

witness?

Court: You may.

Attorney: Officer, I'm showing you exhibit 1. Do you recognize what is depicted in this photo?

Witness: Yes.

Attorney: What does this photograph depict?

Witness: *This photo shows the victim's body and the location of the body at the scene of the crime.*

Attorney: Officer, does this photograph fairly and accurately depict the location of the victim's

body as you saw it that evening?

Witness: Yes, it does.

Attorney: Officer, to your knowledge, has this

photograph been altered in any way?

Witness: *No, it does not appear to have been*

altered or changed in any way.

July 15, 2015 Wisconsin Department of Justice - Continuing Legal Education Seminar - Technology in the Courtroom: What is Available and How Can We Use it Effectively? Referred to by Sandra Esrael, J.D., NARA Annual Licensing Conference, September 21-23, 2015